

Agenda



Topics:

- 1. Control Hazards complete
- 2. Study Suggestions

Patterson: 4.8

Control Hazards



Three methods to minimize stalls

- Always assume branch not taken must "flush" results if the branch IS taken
- Reduce branch delays separate branch adder to calculate branch target address, move execution (test) earlier ("equality unit" – XOR)
- Dynamic branch prediction remember if the branch was taken the last time the branch instruction was executed – branch history table

Assume Not Taken



Proceed with instructions as if branch not there

- "Flush" instructions in the pipeline if taken
- Effectively this creates a stall if branch is taken



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Assume Branch Not Taken – Minimize Stall





Branch adder and decision logic added to minimize branch stall – branch decided during ID phase



Branch to be taken – Flush current pipeline instructions





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Dynamic Branch Prediction



Prediction of branches while the program is executing

- A portion of memory is utilized which indicates whether or not the branch was taken last time the instruction was executed
- FSM implementation is...



Finite State Machine

H/W 0/L 0/S 2021 S/W

Control of Branch Prediction

Branch Taken	State	Next State	Predict taken
0	00	00	0
1	00	01	0
0	01	00	0
1	01	10	0
0	10	01	1
1	10	11	1
0	11	10	1
1	11	11	1



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Exam Study Suggestions



Do practice questions! Do NOT simply read the textbook

Questions are available in the back of the chapters that are on the exam:

- Chapters 1, 2, 3, 4 (up to and including section 4.8), Appendix B, C, D I have some solutions if stuck
- Practice with spim and iVerilog