York University Electrical Engineering and Computer Science

EECS2021: Computer Organization SU2016 Assignment #3

Chapter 3: Exercises

3.2 [5] <\$3.2> What is 5ED4 - 07A4 when these values represent signed 16-bit hexadecimal numbers stored in sign-magnitude format? The result should be written in hexadecimal. Show your work.

5730

3.4 [5] <\$3.2> What is 4365 - 3412 when these values represent unsigned 12-bit octal numbers? The result should be written in octal. Show your work.

753

3.6 [5] <\$3.2> Assume 185 and 122 are unsigned 8-bit decimal integers. Calculate 185 – 122. Is there overflow, underflow, or neither?

Neither (63)

3.20 [5] <\$3.5> What decimal number does the bit pattern 0×0000000 represent if it is a two's complement integer? An unsigned integer?

201326592 in both cases.

3.22 [10] <\$3.5> What decimal number does the bit pattern 0×0000000 represent if it is a floating point number? Use the IEEE 754 standard.

sign is positive

$$\exp = 0 \times 18 = 24 - 127 = -103$$

there is a hidden 1

mantissa = 0

answer = 1.0×2^{-103}

3.23 [10] <\$3.5> Write down the binary representation of the decimal number 63.25 assuming the IEEE 754 single precision format.

$$63.25 \times 10^{\circ} = 1111111.01 \times 2^{\circ}$$

normalize, move binary point 5 to the left

$$1.11111101 \times 2^{5}$$

sign = positive,
$$exp = 127 + 5 = 132$$

- $= 0100\ 0010\ 0111\ 1101\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000 = 0x427D0000$
- **3.24** [10] <\$3.5> Write down the binary representation of the decimal number 63.25 assuming the IEEE 754 double precision format.

$$63.25 \times 10^{0} = 1111111.01 \times 2^{0}$$

normalize, move binary point 5 to the left

$$1.11111101 \times 2^{5}$$

sign = positive,
$$exp = 1023 + 5 = 1028$$

Final bit pattern:

 $0\ 100\ 0000\ 0100\ 1111\ 1010\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000$

- = 0x404FA000000000000
- **3.27** [20] <\$3.5> IEEE 754-2008 contains a half precision that is only 16 bits wide. The leftmost bit is still the sign bit, the exponent is 5 bits wide and has a bias of 15, and the mantissa is 10 bits long. A hidden 1 is assumed. Write down the bit pattern to represent -1.5625×10^{-1} assuming a version of this format, which uses an excess-16 format to store the exponent. Comment on how the range and accuracy of this 16-bit floating point format compares to the single precision IEEE 754 standard.

$$-1.5625 \times 10^{-1} = -.15625 \times 10^{0}$$

$$= -.00101 \times 2^{0}$$

move the binary point 3 to the right, $= -1.01 \times 2^{-3}$

exponent =
$$-3 = -3 + 15 = 12$$
, fraction = $-.0100000000$

answer: 1011000100000000

3.41 [10] <\$3.5 Using the IEEE 754 floating point format, write down the bit pattern that would represent -1/4. Can you represent -1/4 exactly?

Answer	sign	ехр	Exact?
1 01111101 0000000000000000000000000000	-	-2	Yes