# Concurrency 

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## 1 How many executions?

1. One thread prints 1 one. Another thread prints 1 two. How many different executions are there?
2. One thread prints 2 ones. Another thread prints 2 twos. How many different executions are there?
3. One thread prints 3 ones. Another thread prints 3 twos. How many different executions are there?
4. One thread prints 1000 ones. Another thread prints 1000 twos. How many different executions are there?
5. One thread executes $n$ instructions. Another thread executes $n$ instructions. How many different executions are there?
6. There are $k$ threads. Each thread executes $n$ instructions. How many different executions are there?

## 2 State-transition diagrams

Assume that a Printer prints its name once.

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Printer one = new Printer("1");
    one.run();
}
```

Draw the state-transition diagram.

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Printer one = new Printer("1");
    Printer two = new Printer("2");
    one.start();
    two.start();
}
```

Draw the state-transition diagram.

## 3 Counter

Implement the class Counter with attribute value, initialized to zero, and the methods increment and decrement.
public class Counter \{

## 4 Resource

Implement the class Resource with attribute available, initialized to true, and the methods acquire and release.
public class Resource \{

